Radboud University

Linear Cryptanalysis of MORUS

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DS Lunch Talk, June 22, 2018

Overview

- MORUS & MiniMORUS
- Linear Cryptanalysis of MiniMORUS
- Extension to MORUS and Consequences

MORUS & MiniMORUS

What is MORUS?

- Authenticated encryption algorithm (Encrypt-and-MAC)
- Designed by Wu and Huang

Table: Security goals of MORUS.

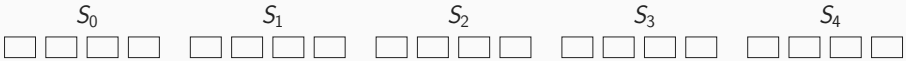
	Confidentiality (bits)	Integrity (bits)
MORUS-640-128	128	128
MORUS-1280-128	128	128
MORUS-1280-256	256	128

Impose rekeying every 2^{64} encrypted blocks.

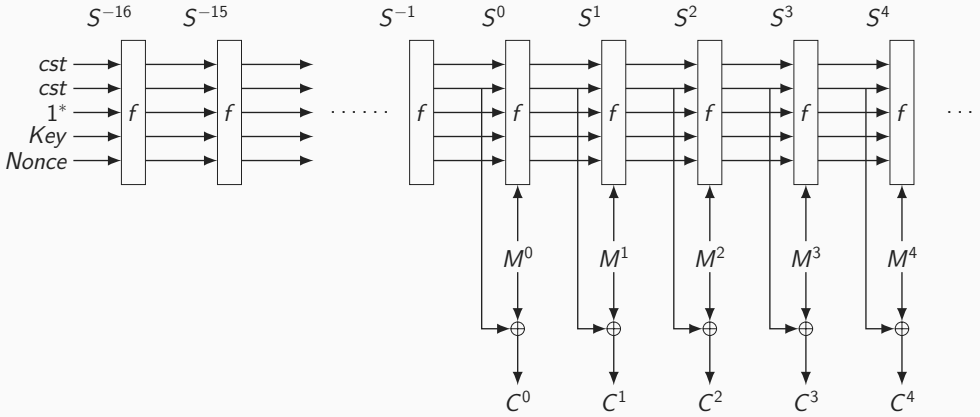
What is MORUS?

MORUS state:

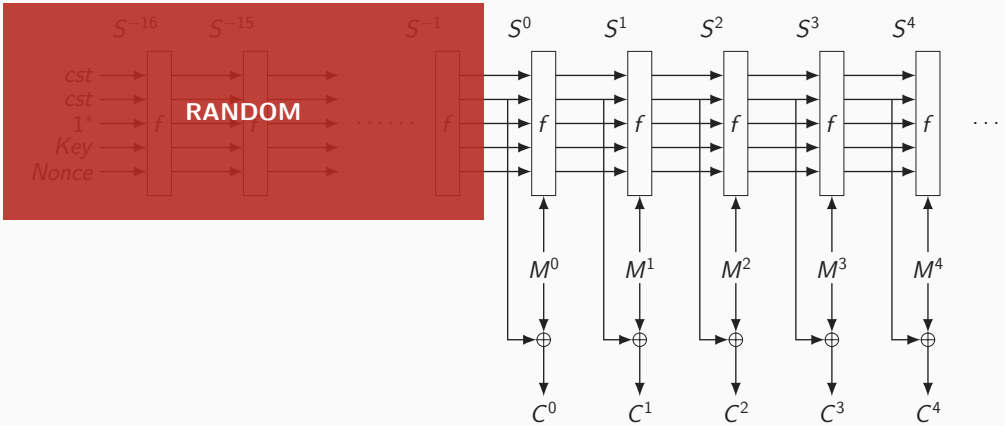
- 5 registers of 4 words.
- MORUS-640, 32-bit words $\Longrightarrow$ 128-bit registers $\Longrightarrow$ SSE instructions.
- MORUS-1280, 64-bit words $\Longrightarrow$ 256-bit registers $\Longrightarrow$ AVX2 instructions.

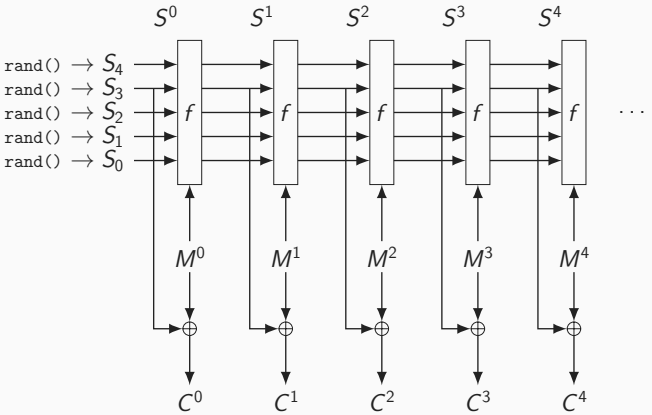


What is MORUS?

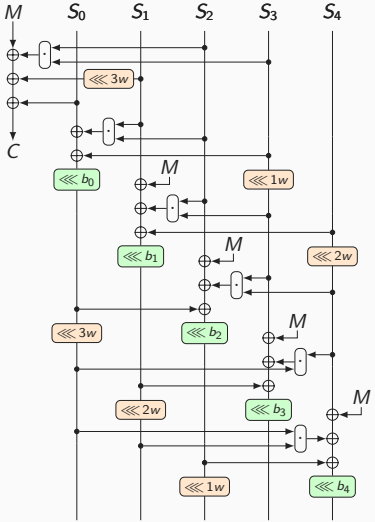


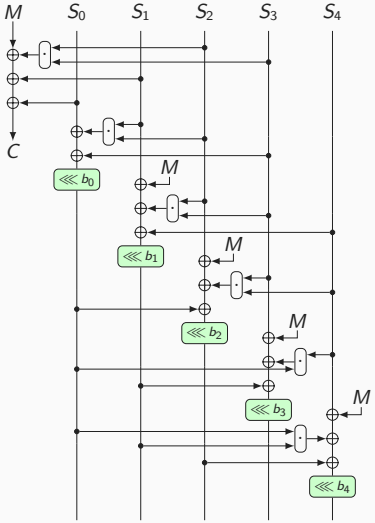
What is MORUS?



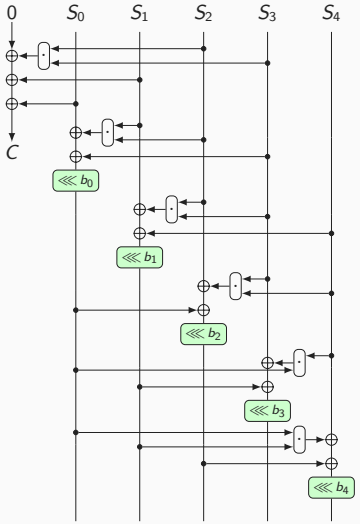

S^0
S^1
S^2
S^3
S^4
rand() → S_4
rand() → S_3
rand() → S_2
rand() → S_1
rand() → S_0
f
f
f
f
f
...
M^0
M^1
M^2
M^3
M^4
C^0
C^1
C^2
C^3
C^4

What is MORUS?




M
S_0
S_1
S_2
S_3
S_4
C
M
M
M
M
$\lll b_0$
$\lll b_1$
$\lll b_2$
$\lll b_3$
$\lll b_4$

MiniMORUS with chosen plaintext!



Linear Cryptanalysis of MiniMORUS

$$\texttt{x = u} \oplus \texttt{y} \oplus \texttt{(z} \wedge \texttt{t)}$$

Can be linear approximated with

$$\texttt{E: x = u} \oplus \texttt{y}$$

This linear approximation holds with a bias ε:

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{1}{2} + \varepsilon$$

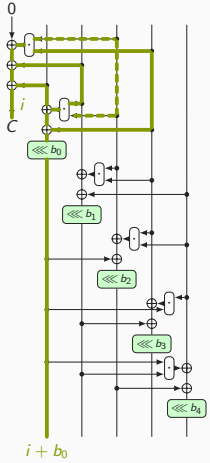
The *correlation* and *weight* of an approximation is:

$$\operatorname{cor}(E) := 2\Pr(E) - 1 = 2\varepsilon$$
$$\operatorname{weight}(E) := -\log_2 |\operatorname{cor}(E)|$$

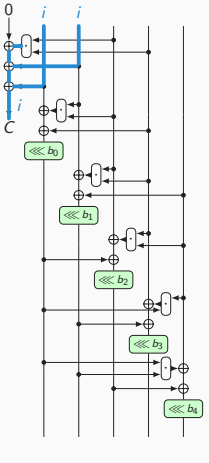
Pilling Up Lemma (Matsui M., 1993)

The correlation (resp. weight) of an XOR of independent variables is equal to the product (resp. sum) of their individual correlations (resp. weights)

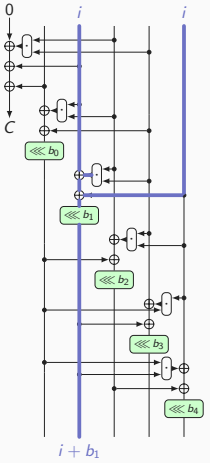
MiniMORUS: trails $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, \varepsilon$



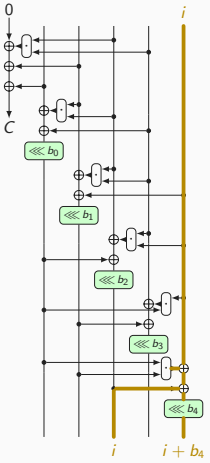
weight(α_i^t) = 1 (not 2)



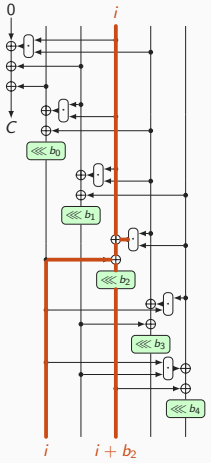
weight(β_i^t) = 1



weight(γ_i^t) = 1

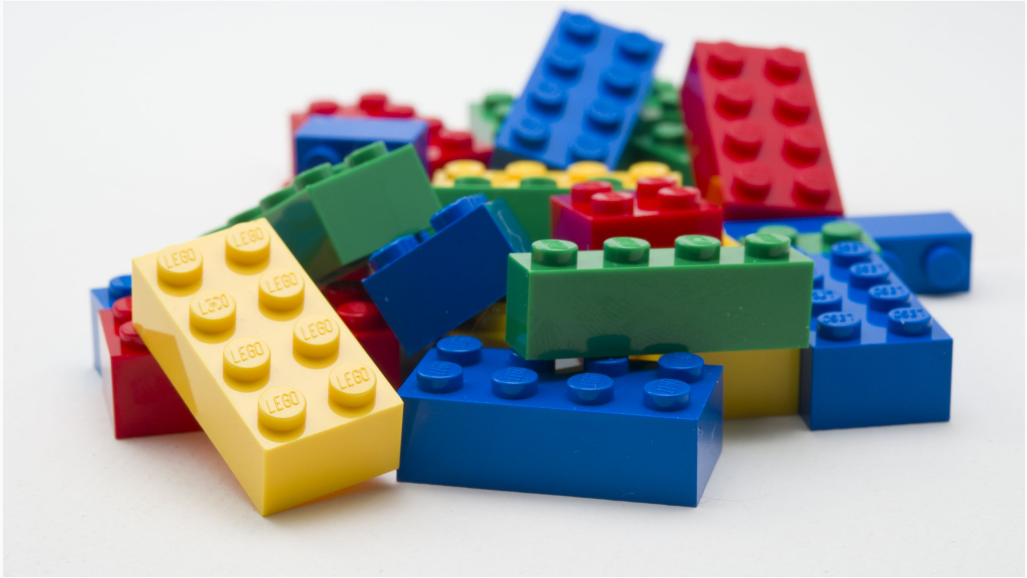


weight(δ_i^t) = 1

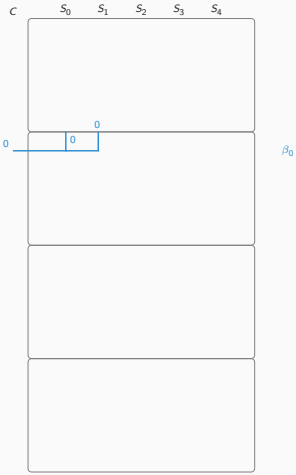


weight(ε_i^t) = 1

Building Trails



MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



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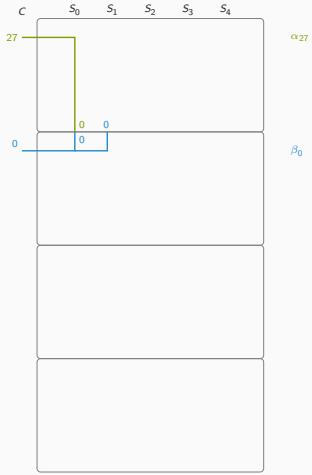

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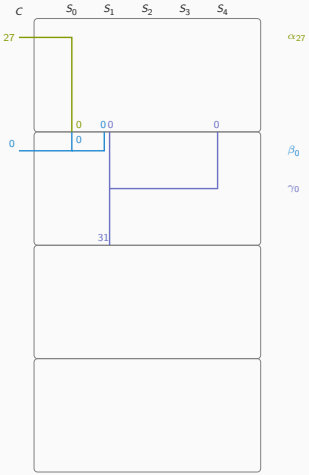

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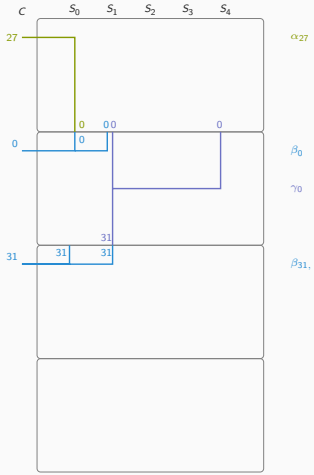

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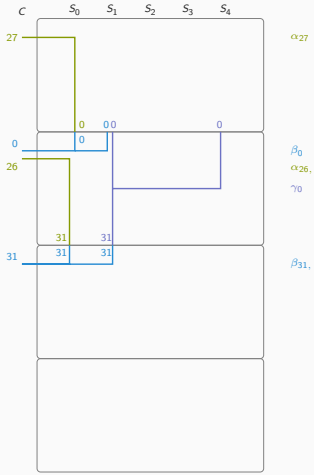

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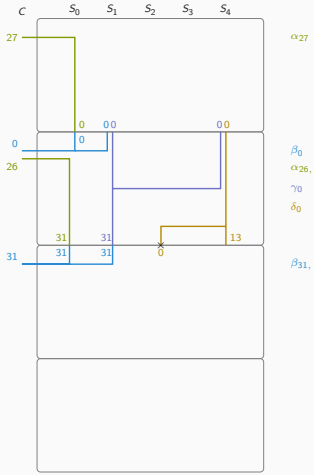

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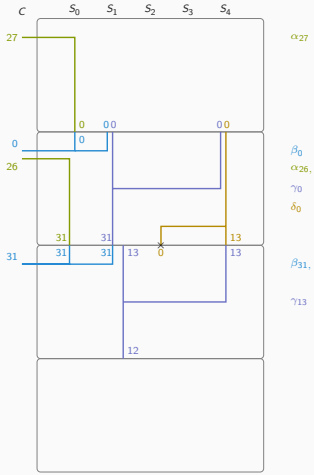
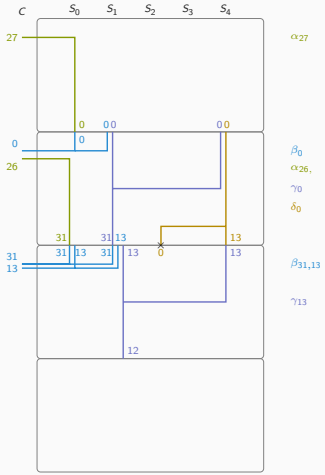
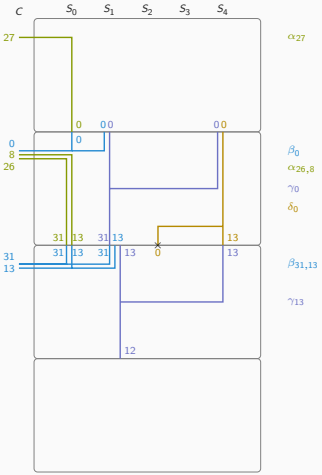


MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



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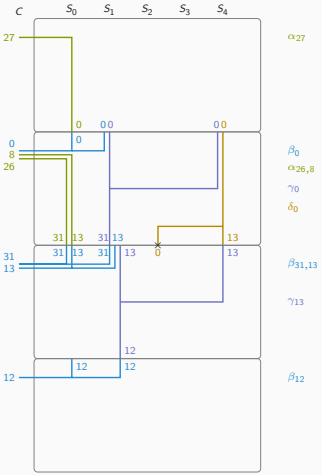
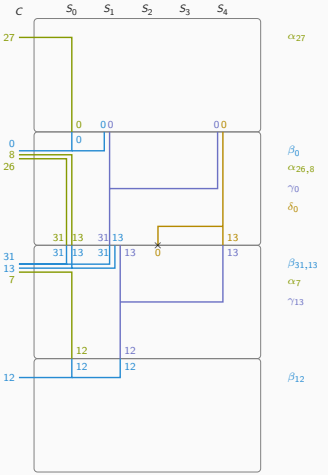
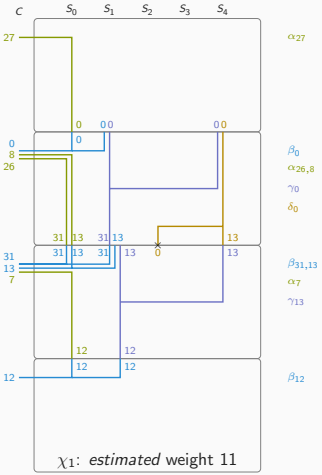


MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2

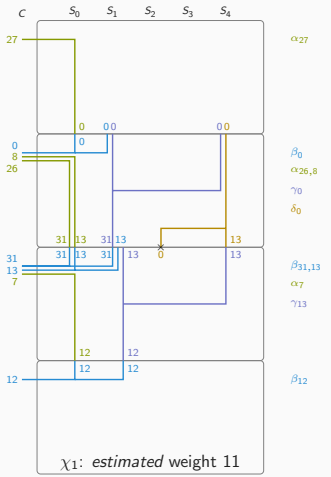


MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



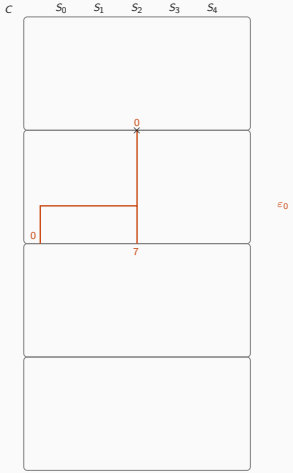
$$C^0_{27} \oplus C^1_0 \oplus C^1_8 \oplus C^1_{26} \oplus C^2_7 \oplus C^2_{13} \oplus C^2_{31} \oplus C^3_{12} \rightarrow S^2_{2,0}$$

MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2

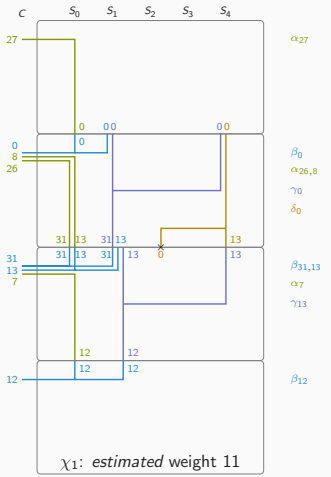


χ_1: *estimated* weight 11

$$C^0_{27} \oplus C^1_0 \oplus C^1_8 \oplus C^1_{26} \oplus C^2_7 \oplus C^2_{13} \oplus C^2_{31} \oplus C^3_{12} \rightarrow S^2_{2,0}$$

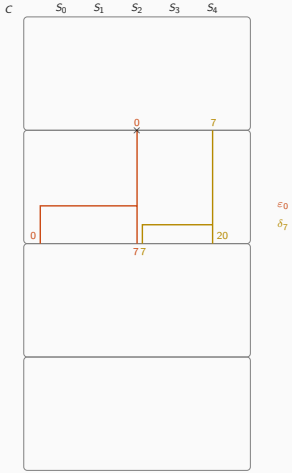


MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2

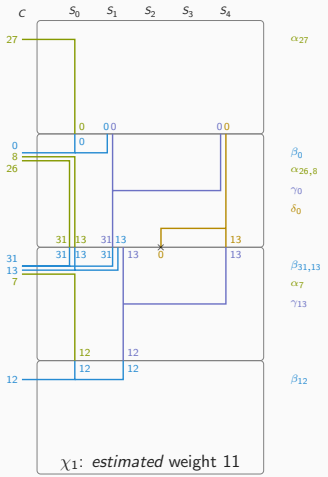


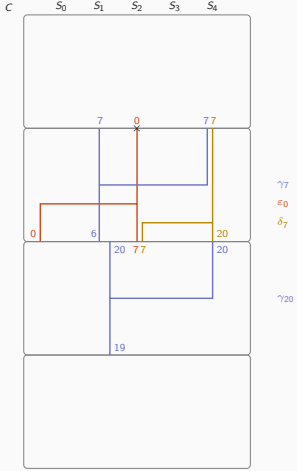
χ_1: *estimated* weight 11

$$C^0_{27} \oplus C^1_0 \oplus C^1_8 \oplus C^1_{26} \oplus C^2_7 \oplus C^2_{13} \oplus C^2_{31} \oplus C^3_{12} \to S^2_{2,0}$$



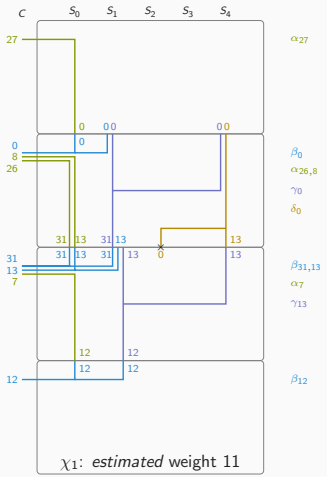
MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



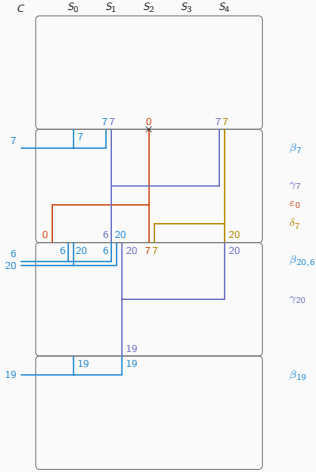


$C^0_{27} \oplus C^1_0 \oplus C^1_8 \oplus C^1_{26} \oplus C^2_7 \oplus C^2_{13} \oplus C^2_{31} \oplus C^3_{12} \to S^2_{2,0}$

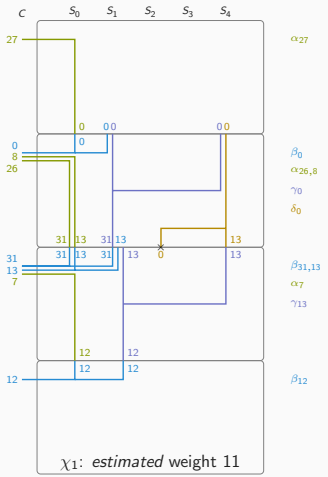
MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2



$$C^0_{27} \oplus C^1_0 \oplus C^1_8 \oplus C^1_{26} \oplus C^2_7 \oplus C^2_{13} \oplus C^2_{31} \oplus C^3_{12} \rightarrow S^2_{2,0}$$

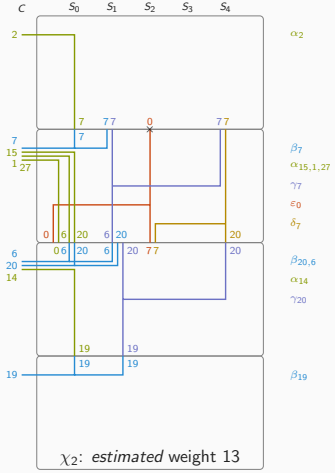


MiniMORUS-640 : Building trails with χ_1 and χ_2

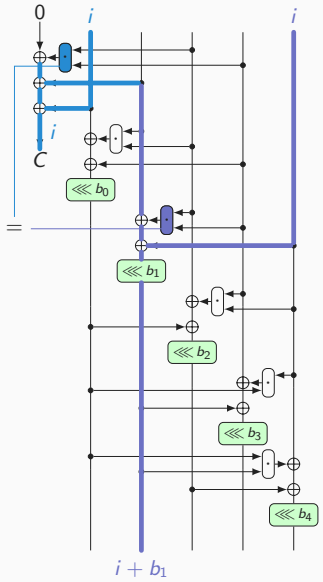


$$C_{27}^0 \oplus C_0^1 \oplus C_8^1 \oplus C_{26}^1 \oplus C_7^2 \oplus C_{13}^2 \oplus C_{31}^2 \oplus C_{12}^3 \to S_{2,0}^2$$

$$C_2^1 \oplus C_1^2 \oplus C_7^2 \oplus C_{15}^2 \oplus C_{27}^2 \oplus C_6^3 \oplus C_{14}^3 \oplus C_{20}^3 \oplus C_{19}^4 \to S_{2,0}^2$$

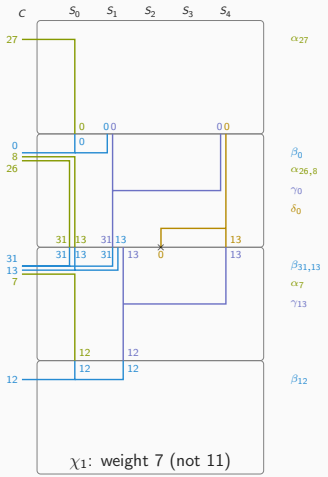


MiniMORUS: Weight of $\beta_i^t \oplus \gamma_i^t$



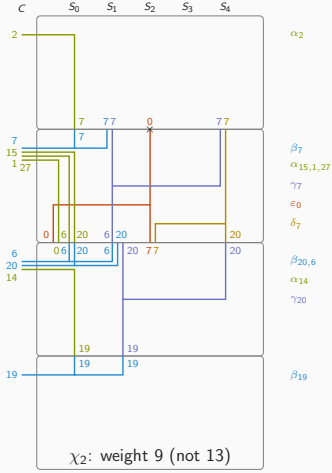
Weight of $\beta_i^t \oplus \gamma_i^t$ is 0 (not 2).

MiniMORUS-640 : Weight corrected



$$C_{27}^0 \oplus C_0^1 \oplus C_8^1 \oplus C_{26}^1 \oplus C_7^2 \oplus C_{13}^2 \oplus C_{31}^2 \oplus C_{12}^3 \to S_{2,0}^2$$

$$C_2^1 \oplus C_1^2 \oplus C_7^2 \oplus C_{15}^2 \oplus C_{27}^2 \oplus C_6^3 \oplus C_{14}^3 \oplus C_{20}^3 \oplus C_{19}^4 \to S_{2,0}^2$$



- MiniMORUS-640

$$\chi_1 \oplus \chi_2 = C_{27}^0 \oplus C_0^1 \oplus C_2^1 \oplus C_8^1 \oplus C_{26}^1 \oplus C_1^2 \oplus C_{13}^2 \oplus C_{15}^2 \oplus C_{27}^2 \oplus C_{31}^2 \oplus C_6^3 \oplus C_{12}^3 \oplus C_{14}^3 \oplus C_{20}^3 \oplus C_{19}^4 \rightarrow 0$$

- MiniMORUS-1280

$$C_{51}^0 \oplus C_0^1 \oplus C_{25}^1 \oplus C_{33}^1 \oplus C_{55}^1 \oplus C_4^2 \oplus C_7^2 \oplus C_{29}^2 \oplus C_{37}^2 \oplus C_{38}^2 \oplus C_{46}^2 \oplus C_{51}^2 \oplus C_{11}^3 \oplus C_{20}^3 \oplus C_{42}^3 \oplus C_{50}^3 \oplus C_{24}^4 \rightarrow 0$$

In both case, the weight of the trail is $7 + 9 = 16$.

Approximations for MiniMORUS-640		Weight Exp.	Bool.	Meas.
χ_1	$S_0^{2,2} = C_{27}^0 \oplus C_{0,8,26}^1 \oplus C_{7,13,31}^2 \oplus C_{12}^3$	7	7	7
χ_2	$S_0^{2,2} = C_2^1 \oplus C_{1,7,15,27}^2 \oplus C_{6,14,20}^3 \oplus C_{19}^4$	9	9	9
χ	$0 = C_{27}^0 \oplus C_{0,2,26,8}^1 \oplus C_{1,13,15,27,31}^2 \oplus C_{6,12,14,20}^3 \oplus C_{19}^4$	16	16	15.5
Approximations for MiniMORUS-1280				
χ_1	$S_0^{2,2} = C_{51}^0 \oplus C_{0,33,55}^1 \oplus C_{4,37,46}^2 \oplus C_{50}^3$	7	7	7
χ_2	$S_0^{2,2} = C_{25}^1 \oplus C_{7,29,38,51}^2 \oplus C_{11,20,42}^3 \oplus C_{24}^4$	9	9	9
χ	$0 = C_{51}^0 \oplus C_{0,25,33,55}^1 \oplus C_{4,7,29,37,38,46,51}^2 \oplus C_{11,20,42,50}^3 \oplus C_{24}^4$	16	16	15.9

The programs we used to verify the bias experimentally are available at:
`https://github.com/ildyria/MorusBias`

Extension to MORUS and Consequences

- Trail extension:
  $S_{i,j}$ in MiniMORUS is translated into $S_{i,j} \oplus S_{i,j+w} \oplus S_{i,j+2w} \oplus S_{i,j+3w}$ in MORUS
  e.g. $S_{2,0}$ in MiniMORUS-1280 $\iff$ $S_{2,0} \oplus S_{2,64} \oplus S_{2,128} \oplus S_{2,192}$ in MORUS-1280.

- Weight implication:
  word "*equality*" occurs with probability $\frac{1}{2^4}$ $\implies$ weight $\times 4$

- $\beta_i + \gamma_i$ has weight 0 in MiniMORUS but weight 4 in MORUS

Weight of the trails

MORUS-640: Weight(χ) = 73

MORUS-1280: Weight(χ) = 76

Impact for MORUS

- **Keystream correlation**
  - The bias is *absolute*: does not depends on Key or Nonce!
  - Similar to RC4, BEAST attack...
  - Known plaintext $\Longrightarrow$ Distinguisher.
  - Multiple fixed plaintext $\Longrightarrow$ plaintext recovery.

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- **Keystream correlation**
  - The bias is *absolute*: does not depends on Key or Nonce!
  - Similar to RC4, BEAST attack...
  - Known plaintext $\Longrightarrow$ Distinguisher.
  - Multiple fixed plaintext $\Longrightarrow$ plaintext recovery.
- **Data complexity**
  - Immune to rekeying every 2^{64} encrypted block.
  - Require 2^{146} blocks for MORUS-640
  - Require 2^{152} blocks for MORUS-1280 **(violate 256-bit confidentiality claim)**
  - trail is immune to bit-shift:
    - save 2^5 data for MORUS-640.
    - save 2^6 data for MORUS-1280.
  - Not practical. :(

https://eprint.iacr.org/2018/464.pdf